Dynamiques socio-historiques de la vaccination contre la rougeole en Asie du Sud-Est

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REINVENTING THE RASH:
A GLOBAL HISTORY OF MEASLES IN THE VACCINE ERA

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Countries: Cambodia, Laos, France, Canada, UK, Senegal, Burkina Faso, Hong Kong, India

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In Laos, University of Health Sciences, Vientiane
Since the first introduction of a measles vaccine in the early 1960s various factors have shaped barriers immunization against the disease in SEA.

At a time of rapid economic development and social change in the region (increased globalization and the privatization of global health) the aim is:

- to analyze the “return” of measles in identifying the determinants – being political, economic or sociocultural factors, local or international - that might participate to explain this coming back.
SOME ISSUES AT STAKES:

- To what extent measles has been –and still is in “competition” with other infectious and vaccine-preventable diseases (VPDs) when it comes to elimination and mass immunization?

- What accessibility issues to efficient and safe vaccines and vaccination services are at stake and how these issues have evolved in time and place?

- To what extent mobile, rural populations and ethnic minorities, are more at risk and what historical factors could explain the situation?

Are vaccine hesitancy and vaccine refusal an issue and if so how could we explain it?
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